(c) what are the reasons for not distributing the same through the public distribution system?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRl D. L. BAITHA): (a) No, Sir As per the survey conducted by the National Council of Applied Economic Research (NCAER), the household consumption of vanaspati formed nearly 61 per cent of the despatches in the year 1982-83.

(b) Imported oils are released in some quantities to the vanaspati units so as to maintain the prices of vanaspati, an essential commodity, at a reasonable level and also to relieve the pressure on indigenous oils which are in popular demand for direct consumption.

(c) There is no centralised control on the distribution of vanaspati. The question of introducing such controls in conjunction with the control on prices had been considered on more than one occasion in 'he past but it was not found practicable to do so. However, State Govt/UTs have been advised to procure 30 per cent of vanaspati produced in their jurisdiction lor sale through fair price/ration shops, if neeessary.

Economic houses made of Local raw materials

1778. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have any iong-term plan to provide mass housing in the rural and urban areas;

(b) whether any work is being done to evolve designs of economic houses based on !oca' raw materials; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH), (a) Housing is a State subject and the State Government and Union Territory Adminia-tratio are fully competent to formulate the bousing schemes in accordance with Their need and plan priorities. file National Housing Policy has advocvted the crestion of an enabling environment to augment housing construction activity both in Rural and in Urban areas. The State Government have been advised to prepare perspective plans of action in this regard urgently.

(b) The Government has given special emphasis to encourage low cost housing designs based on local building materials, using latest cost effective and energy efficient technologies. *

(c) The 15 Rural Housing Development Centres of the National Buildings Organisation in various parts Of the country are engaged in evolving low cost designs of housing. Based on low cost design, these centres constructed number of cluster demonstration low cost rural housing projects in different claimatic conditions in various parts of the country. The economical designs evolved by the NBO and its regional centres and State level research agencies have been utilised by several State Governments in implementation of their housing programmes.

To disseminate the low cost technology developed by various research institutions like Central Building Research Institute, NBO etc. to the grassroot level and also to encourage the use of low cost building materials developed from locally available materials, a national network of Bulding Centres has been launched by the Government & HUDCO. These Centres, in addition to the production of low cost building materials, will also impart training to the youths and local artisans for upgrading their skills.

Strategy for Eighth plan to meet the steel Demand

1779. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister o STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) the estimated annual steel demand for the Eighth Plan;

(b) what is strategy of Government to meet this demand;